CLAIMS

- 1. A method for electrophoresis of nucleic acids, said method comprising the following steps:
- a) electrophoresing nucleic acid samples using an electrophoresis apparatus on which plural 10- to 30-cm square gel plates are installed at a time and with which 32 or more nucleic acid samples per gel plate are electrophoresed simultaneously, and

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- b) detecting nucleic acid bands on the gels after the 10 electrophoresing.
 - 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the electrophoresing is performed using gels with discontinuous buffer system.
 - 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid samples are single-stranded DNAs prepared by dissociation of double-stranded DNAs through denaturation and the electrophoresing is performed using denaturing gels.
 - 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the detecting of the nucleic acid bands on the gels is performed by fluorescent staining or silver staining.
- 5. The method according to any one of claims 1, 2, or 4, wherein the method is performed in order to detect a polymorphism of genomic DNAs among test individuals.
 - 6. The method according to claim 3, wherein the method is performed in order to detect a polymorphism of genomic DNAs among test individuals.
 - 7. The method according to claim 5, wherein the nucleic acid samples are DNA fragments amplified by AFLP method.
 - 8. The method according to claim 5, wherein the nucleic acid samples are heteroduplex DNAs.
- 9. A method for preparing DNA fragments comprising a polymorphism, said method comprising a step of isolating, from gels, DNA fragments comprising a polymorphism detected by the method according to any one of claims 5 through 8.
- 10. A DNA fragment comprising a polymorphism among test individuals, said DNA fragment being isolated by the method according to claim 9.

- 11. The method according to any one of claims 1 through 8, wherein the method is performed in order to carry out genetic analysis.
- 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the genetic analysis is F2 analysis, RI (recombinant imbred) analysis, or QTL (Quantitative Traits Loci) analysis.
- 13. The method according to any one of claims 1 through 8, which is performed to construct a genetic map of an organism.

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- 14. A genetic map of an organism, said genetic map being constructed by using, as markers, bands of genomic DNAs comprising a polymorphism detected by the method according to claim 13.
- 15. A method for selecting, from a genomic DNA library, a clone corresponding to a particular nucleic acid band on a gel detected by the method according to any one of claims 1 through 8, said method comprising the following steps:
- a) dividing a genomic DNA library of a particular organism into plural sublibraries each of which has a size of 1 or less genome of the organism;
 - b) assigning, to all clones included in each of the sublibraries, a row number, a column number, and a plate number of the sublibrary, wherein the row, column, and plate are referred to as X coordinate, Y coordinate, and Z coordinate, respectively;
 - c) detecting a band by collecting clones representing a particular row of all plates (X-coordinate clone group), clones representing a particular column of all plates (Y-coordinate clone group), and all clones on a particular plate of one sublibrary (Z-coordinate clone group); by extracting DNAs from each of the collected clone groups to obtain coordinate samples; by preparing a genomic DNA from the organism as a control; and by electrophoresing the coordinate samples and the control in a line using the method according to any one of claims 1 through 4;
 - d) determining a clone in each of the X-coordinate clone group, the Y-coordinate clone group, and the Z-coordinate clone group, said clone corresponding to a band with the same mobility on the gel as that of the nucleic acid of interest in the control; and
- e) selecting, from the sublibrary, a clone corresponding to the determined three-dimensional coordinate.

- 16. The method according to claim 15, wherein the method is performed in order to construct contigs covering the entire genomic DNA of a particular organism.
- 17. An electrophoresis apparatus for electrophoresis of nucleic acids, wherein plural 10- to 30-cm square gel plates are installed on said electrophoresis apparatus at a time and 32 or more nucleic acid samples per gel plate are electrophoresed with said electrophoresis apparatus simultaneously.